**9.01** OFFENSES AGAINST STATE LAWS SUBJECT TO FORFEITURE. (Am. 06-006) The following statutes with the prefix "9" defining offenses against the peace and good order of the State are adopted by reference to define offenses against the peace and good order of the Town, provided the penalty for commission of such offenses hereunder shall be limited to a forfeiture imposed under §25.04 of this Code.

9.50.58	Careless Smoking
9.134.71	Pawnbrokers and Secondhand Dealers
9.144.42(6)	Tampering With Pollution System
9.161.41(2m)	Unlawful Manufacture/Delivery of Controlled Substance
9.161.14(3);	Possession of Controlled Substance
9.167.31	Use and Transportation of Firearms
9.167.32	Safety at Sporting Events
9.175.25	Illegal Storage of Junked Automobiles
9.218.0145 & 9.218.0146	Used Cars/Prohibited Acts
9.218.0147	Motor Vehicles/Sale to Minors
9.254.76	Careless Smoking
9.285.30	Tampering with Pollution System
9.939.05	Parties to Crime
9.939.22	Words and Phrases Defined
9.939.32	Attempt
9.940.19(1)	Battery
9.940.32	Stalking
9.941.01	Negligent Operation of Vehicle
9.941.10	Negligent Handling of Burning Material
9.941.12(2);(3)	Interfering With Fire Fighting
9.941.13	False Alarms
9.941.20(1)	Reckless Use of Weapon
9.941.23	Carrying Concealed Weapon
9.941.235	Carrying Firearm in Public Building
9.941.237	Possession of Handguns in Taverns
9.941.24	Possession of Switchblade Knife
9.941.26(4)	Use of Pepper Spay
9.941.36	Fraudulent Tapping of Electric Wires, Gas or Water Meters or Pipes

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9.941.37	Obstructing Emergency or Rescue Personnel
9.943.01(1)	Criminal Damage to Property (\$1,000 or Less)
9.943.07(1),(2),(3) 9.943.07(4)	Criminal Damage to Railroad Depositing Debris on Railroad
9.943.11	Entry Into Locked Vehicle
9.943.125	Entry Into Locked Coin Box
9.943.13	Trespass to Land
9.943.14	Criminal Trespass to Dwellings
9.943.15	Entry Into Construction Site, Locked Building, Dwelling or Room
9.943.20	Theft (\$1,000 or Less)
9.943.21	Fraud on Hotel or Restaurant Keeper (\$1,000 or Less)
9.943.23	Operating Vehicle Without Consent
9.943.24	Issue of Worthless Checks (\$1,000 or Less)
9.943.34(1)	Receiving Stolen Property With Value (\$1,000 or Less)
9.943.37	Alteration of Property Identification Marks
9.943.41(2), (3)(a)-(d),(4)(b)	Credit Card Crimes
9.943.46	Theft of Cable Television Service
9.943.50	Retail Theft (Shoplifting)
9.944.15	Fornication
9.944.17	Sexual Gratification
9.944.20	Lewd and Lascivious Behavior
9.944.205	Photos/Videos Showing Nudity
9.944.30	Prostitution
9.944.31	Patronizing Prostitutes
9.944.32	Soliciting Prostitutes
9.944.33(1)	Pandering
9.944.36	Solicitation of Drinks Prohibited
9.945.01 9.945.02	Definitions Relating to Gambling Gambling
9.945.04	Permitting Premises to be Used for Commercial Gambling
9.946.06	Improper Use of Flag
9.946.32	False Swearing

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9.946.40	Refusing to Aid Officer
9.946.41	Resisting or Obstructing Officer
9.946.42(1)	Escape
9.946.69	Falsely Assuming to Act as Public Officer or Employee
9.946.70	Impersonating Peace Officer
9.946.72(2)	Tampering With Public Records
9.947.01	Disorderly Conduct
9.947.012	Unlawful Use of Telephone
9.947.013	Harassment
9.947.06	Unlawful Assemblies
9.948.10	Exposing Sex Organ
9.948.11(1), (2)(b),(c),(3)	Exposing a Child to Harmful Material
9.948.40	Contributing to Delinquency of Child
9.948.51(1), (2),(3)(c)	Hazing
9.948.60	Possession of a Dangerous Weapon by a Child
9.948.605	Gun-free School Zone
9.948.61	Dangerous Weapons Other Than Firearms on School Premises
Ch. 951	Crimes Against Animals
9.961.14(3)	Possession of Controlled Substance
9.961.41(2m)	Manufacture/Delivery of Controlled Substance

# **9.02 USE OF FIREARMS**. (Rep. & Rec. 2018-04)

- (1) Except as provided below, no person shall fire, discharge or use any firearm, such as a rifle, pistol, or revolver of any caliber, or CO2 pistols/rifles, other compressed air pistols/rifles, spring or air guns of any description within the Town.
- (2) (a) A shotgun or muzzle loader may be used in the Town only for hunting purposes providing written permission is obtained from the property owner of the land to which the hunting is to be confined. Written permission shall be carried on the person while hunting. While hunting, a person shall not discharge a shot, slug or ball which passes beyond the property line of the area to which the hunting is confined.
  - (b) No person shall discharge a shotgun or muzzle loader within 300 feet of any building or roadway within the Town.
  - (c) No person shall discharge a firearm within 660 feet of any Town park, or within 1,700 feet of any hospital or school within the Town.
  - (d) Intentionally Omitted.
  - (e) No person may discharge any firearm as described in Section 1, nor shall any person discharge a shotgun or muzzle loader within lands that are part of a platted subdivision in the Town of Delafield.

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**9.03 BURNING**. (Rep. & rec. #94-383, #95-389) No burning of any material shall be permitted within the Town except in strict compliance with the provisions of Section 5.01 of the Town Code. In addition, no person shall burn any material in a negligent manner such that a fire causing a fire run results.

# 9.04 LOUD AND UNNECESSARY NOISE.

- (1) <u>PROHIBITED</u>. No person shall make or cause to be made any loud, disturbing or unnecessary sounds or noises such as may tend to annoy or disturb another in or about any public street, alley or park or any private residence.
- (2) <u>OPERATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES</u>. It shall be a violation of this section for a person to operate a motor vehicle so as to cause the tires thereof to squeal, the horn to blow excessively or the motor to race excessively.

## 9.05 LOITERING PROHIBITED.

- (1) LOITERING OR PROWLING. No person shall loiter or prowl in a place, at a time or in a manner not usual for law-abiding individuals under circumstances that warrant alarm for the safety of persons or property in the vicinity. Among the circumstances which may be considered in determining whether such alarm is warranted is the fact that the person takes flight upon appearance of a police or peace officer, refuses to identify themself or manifestly endeavors to conceal themself or any object. Unless flight by the person or other circumstances makes it impracticable, a police or peace officer shall, prior to any arrest for an offense under this section, afford the person an opportunity to dispel any alarm which would otherwise be warranted by requesting to identify themself and explain their presence and conduct. No person shall be convicted of an offense under this subsection if the police or peace officer did not comply with the preceding sentence, or if it appears at trial that the explanation given by the person was true and, if believed by the police or peace officer at the time, would have dispelled the alarm.
- (2) <u>OBSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAY BY LOITERING</u>. No person shall obstruct any street, bridge, sidewalk or crossing by lounging or loitering in or upon the same after being requested to move on by any police officer.
- (3) OBSTRUCTION OF TRAFFIC BY LOITERING. No person shall loaf or loiter in groups or crowds upon the public streets, alleys, sidewalks, street crossings or bridges or in any other public place within the City in such manner as to prevent, interfere with or obstruct the ordinary free use of such public streets, sidewalks, streets, street crossings and bridges or other public places by persons passing along and over the same.
- **9.06** OPEN CISTERNS, WELLS, BASEMENTS OR OTHER DANGEROUS EXCAVATIONS PROHIBITED. No person shall have or permit on any premises owned or occupied by them any open cisterns, cesspools, wells, unused basements, excavations or other dangerous openings. All such places shall be filled, securely covered or fenced, in such manner as to prevent injury to any person and any cover shall be of a design, size and weight that the same cannot be removed by small children.
- **9.07 ABANDONED OR UNATTENDED REFRIGERATORS, ETC. PROHIBITED**. No person shall leave or permit to remain outside of any dwelling, building or other structure, or within any unoccupied or abandoned building, dwelling or other structure under his/her control in a place accessible to children, any abandoned, unattended or discarded ice box, refrigerator or other container which has an airtight door or lid, snap lock or other locking device which may not be released from the inside without first removing the door or lid, snap lock or other locking device from the ice box, refrigerator or container unless such container is displayed for sale on the premises of the owner or his/her agent and is securely locked or fastened.
- **9.08 LITTERING PROHIBITED**. No person shall throw any glass, refuse or waste, filth or other litter upon the streets, alleys, highways, public parks or other of the Town or upon any private property or upon the surface of any body of water within the Town.

#### 9.09 CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES IN PUBLIC PLACES PROHIBITED.

- (1) No person shall possess any open container of or use, consume, sell or convey any alcohol beverage in or upon the following:
  - (a) Any property, building or other structure owned or operated by the Town, or its public school districts.
  - (b) Any public street, alley, sidewalk, street crossing, bridge, public playground, public park or public

parking lot.

- (c) Any premises held out to the public for the use or parking of their motor vehicles, whether such premises are publicly or privately owned. This definition shall include the parking lots of all fermented malt beverages or liquor licensees, shopping centers, restaurants, bowling alleys, provided this enumeration is not exclusive.
- (2) The prohibition in sub. (1) shall not apply to community functions or events when authorized by specific written action of the Administrator. In exercising this authority, the Town Administrator shall consider the size of the event, the location of the event, the precautions to be taken by event organizers, and such other relevant facts and circumstances in the situation, to protect health and safety and ensure compliance with applicable laws.(Ord 2021-04)
- (3) All purchases of intoxicating liquor or fermented malt beverages by the glass or in open containers shall be consumed in the licensed premises where served, and shall not be removed therefrom or consumed in or upon any of the places described in sub. (1).

## 9.10 DRUG PARAPHERNALIA.

- (1) DEFINITION. In this section "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance, as defined in Ch. 161, Wis. Stats., in violation of this section. It includes, but is not limited to:
  - (a) Kits used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived.
  - (b) Kits used, intended for use or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing or preparing controlled substances.
  - (c) Isomerization devices used, intended for use or designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled substance.
  - (d) Testing equipment used, intended for use or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances.
  - (e) Scales and balances used, intended for use or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances.
  - (f) Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, used, intended for use or designed for use in cutting controlled substances.
  - (g) Separation gins and sifters used, intended for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from or in otherwise cleaning or refining marijuana.
  - (h) Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices used, intended for use or designed for use in compounding controlled substances.
  - (i) Capsules, balloons, envelopes or other containers used, intended for use or designed for use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances.
  - (j) Containers and other objects used, intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances.
  - (k) Hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used, intended for use or designed for use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body.
  - (I) Objects used, intended for use or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or hashish oil into the human body including, but not limited to:

- 1. Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls.
- 2. Water pipes.
- 3. Carburetion tubes and devices.
- 4. Smoking and Carburetion masks.
- 5. Objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand.
- 6. Miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials.
- 7. Chamber pipes.
- 8. Carburetor pipes.
- 9. Electric pipes.
- 10. Air-driven pipes.
- 11. Chillums.
- 12. Bongs.
- 13. Ice pipes or chillers.
- (2) DETERMINATION OF DRUG PARAPHERNALIA. In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, the following shall be considered:
  - (a) Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use.
  - (b) Prior convictions, if any, of an owner or of anyone in control of the object under any city, State or federal law relating to any controlled substance.
  - (c) The proximity of the object in time and space to a direct violation of this section.
  - (d) The proximity of the object to controlled substances.
  - (e) The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object.
  - (f) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner or of anyone in control of the object to deliver it to persons whom the person knows or should reasonably know intent to use the object to facilitate a violation of this section. The innocence of an owner or of anyone in control of the object as to a direct violation of this section shall not prevent a finding that the object is intended for use or designed for use as drug paraphernalia.
  - (g) Oral or written instructions provided with the object concerning its use.
  - (h) Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain or depict its use.
  - (i) National and local advertising concerning its use.
  - (j) The manner in which the object is displayed for sale.
  - (k) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of the object to the total sales of the business enterprise.

- The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community.
- (m) Expert testimony concerning its use.

## (3) PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES.

- (a) <u>Possession of Drug Paraphernalia</u>. No person may use or possess with intent to use drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance in violation of this section.
- (b) Manufacture, Sale or Delivery of Drug Paraphernalia. No person may sell, deliver, possess with intent to deliver or manufacture with intent to deliver drug paraphernalia knowing that it will be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance in violation of this section.
- (c) <u>Delivery of Drug Paraphernalia to a Minor</u>. Any person 18 years of age or over who violates par. (b) by delivering drug paraphernalia to a person under 18 years of age is guilty of a special offense.
- (d) <u>Advertisement of Drug Paraphernalia</u>. No person may place in any newspaper, magazine, handbill or other publication or upon any outdoor billboard or sign any advertisement knowing that the purpose of the advertisement in whole or in part is to promote the sale of objects designed or intended for use as drug paraphernalia.
- (e) <u>Exemption</u>. This subsection does not apply to manufacturers, practitioners, pharmacists, owners of pharmacies and other persons whose conduct is in accordance with Ch. 161, Wis. Stats. This section does not prohibit the possession, manufacture or use of hypodermics in accordance with Ch. 161, Wis. Stats.

# (4) PENALTIES.

- (a) Any drug paraphernalia used in violation of this section shall be seized and forfeited to the Town.
- (b) Any person who violates pars. (3)(a) (b) or (d) shall, upon conviction, be subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$500, together with the costs of prosecution and, upon default of payment, be imprisoned in the county jail or house of correction until the costs are paid, but not to exceed 20 days.
- (c) Any person who violates par. (3)(c) shall, upon conviction, be subject to a forfeiture of \$1,000, together with the costs of prosecution and, upon default of payment, be imprisoned in the county jail or house of correction until the costs are paid, but not to exceed 40 days.
- **9.11** (repealed in its entirety 06-006)

# 9.12 LAWN FERTILIZER APPLICATION CONTROL (Cr. #2004-01)

- (1) "**Applicator**" defined . For purposes of this ordinance, applicator shall be defined as any firm, corporation, franchise, a commercial or noncommercial applicator for hire engaged in the business of landscaping or lawn care, and the application of fertilizer in conjunction therewith, or any individual property owner or renter.
- (2) RESTRICTIONS ON FERTILIZER CONTENT. **Fertilizer Content.** No applicator shall topically apply any lawn fertilizer, liquid or granular, within the Town of Delafield which contains more than 3% phosphorous or other compound containing phosphorous. This restriction does not pertain to the use of phosphorous fertilizer on lands zoned agricultural and when used for crop production.
- (3) REGULATION OF APPLICATION.
  - (a) <u>Time of application</u>. No applicator may apply lawn fertilizer when the ground is frozen or when conditions exist which will promote or create runoffs.
  - (b) <u>Impervious surfaces and drainage ways</u>. No applicator shall apply fertilizer to impervious surfaces; such as driveways, sidewalks and streets or areas within drainage ditches or waterways. In cases where fertilizer unintentionally lands on a sidewalk, street or driveway, the applicator or person shall be required to sweep it off that surface.
  - (c) Buffer Zone. No fertilizers containing phosphorus may be applied below the ordinary high water lines

of any stream or water body as established by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

(4) PENALTIES. Violations of this section shall carry penalties as provided in 25.04 of this Municipal Code.

## 9.13 EMERGENCY VEHICLE LANE ON PRIVATE ROADS.

- (a) <u>Definition</u>. "Private road" is every way or place in private ownership and used for vehicular traffic only by the owners and those having express or implied permission from the owners. A private road as used in this section does not include a driveway which provides access to a single residence or parcel, or parking lots.
- (b) Establishment. An emergency vehicle lane is established on all private roads within the Town.
  - 1. If the private road is less than 20 feet wide, the emergency vehicle lane shall be the entire width of the roadway.
  - 2. If the private road is more than 20 feet wide, the emergency vehicle lane shall be that half of the road which is the most northern or eastern lane depending on the orientation of the road.

## (c) Parking Prohibited.

- 1. Parking is prohibited on all private roads anywhere within the emergency vehicle lane.
- 2. Exception. Permission for parking in the emergency vehicle lane may be given by the Town Fire Department upon written request, which includes the address of the property, filed at least 72 hours before the date requested, for special situations in which additional parking is required, such as for loading and unloading moving vans, large gatherings or similar events. This permission is restricted to 3 requests per calendar year.

## (d) Posting.

- 1. The Town shall post a sign regarding these regulations in the public road right-of-way nearest or immediately adjacent to the intersection of the private road and the public highway for all private roads existing on the date the ordinance enacting this section is effective.
- 2. For private roads proposed and constructed after the effective date of this section, the property owner or developer shall post these regulations in accord with subdivision 1.
- (e) Violations of this section shall be subject to the penalties and procedures found in §25.04, of the Town Code.

## SECTION 2: SEVERABILITY.

The several sections of this ordinance are declared to be severable. If any section or portion thereof shall be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, unlawful or unenforceable, such decision shall apply only to the specific section or portion thereof directly specified in the decision, and shall not affect the validity of any other provisions, sections or portions thereof of the ordinance. The remainder of the ordinance shall remain in full force and effect. Any other ordinances whose terms are in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed as to those terms that conflict.

#### 9.14 MINIMUM PROPERTY STANDARDS.

The following minimum property standards shall apply throughout the Town of Delafield. Nothing herein shall be interpreted to abrogate any more restrictive requirements that may apply per this Code or other applicable laws. In the event the standards hereby established conflict or coincide with requirements established in other sections of this Code or other applicable laws, the more restrictive shall apply.

# (4) REGULATION OF POLYSTRUCTURES.

- (a) <u>Definition: Polystructure</u>. A building having a frame of steel or other materials which is covered with plastic, polyurethane, vinyl, canvas, or other flexible sheeting material.
- (b) <u>Purpose</u>. The following polystructure regulation is created, to protect against risks of blight or adverse aesthetic impacts on abutting properties and related diminution of property values that can arise from polystructures, as they are not as substantial as traditional construction methods used in the Town, and they do not have the image of stability and security of traditional construction methods.
- (c) <u>Minimum Standards</u>. Polystructure(s) are prohibited, except as follows. Polystructure(s) may be allowed in conjunction with approved commercial nursery or greenhouse operations for the sole

purposes of housing live plants, or farm operations for agricultural purposes, subject to all conditions that may apply to such operations per applicable laws.

# (5) REGULATION OF VACATION RENTAL. (Revised 2/14/22 – ORD 2023-05)

- (a) <u>Definition: Vacation Rental Establishment</u>. Any property that is regulated by Wisconsin Statutes Sections 66.1014(2)(d)2. And 97.01(15k), as a tourist rooming house.
- (b) <u>Purpose</u>. The following vacation rental establishment licensing regulations are created, to ensure that applicable State laws are followed, to protect persons engaged in this practice either as landlord or tenant; to protect against adverse impacts of noise, odor, disturbance, adverse visual impacts, or other nuisances, that this practice could have upon neighboring properties; to preserve property values for the commercial benefit of the Town; and also to control the impacts of such operations on municipal services, including snow plowing, garbage collection, sanitation, law enforcement and fire protection.

# (c) Minimum Standards.

- 1. License Required. No vacation rental establishment may operate in the Town unless a Vacation Rental Establishment License for such operation is granted by the Town, and only in full compliance with such License.
- 2. Procedure. The General Provisions as to Licenses, described in Section 12.02 of this Code, apply to Vacation Rental Establishment licenses.
- 3. Conditions Under Which Permitted. A license shall not be granted for a vacation rental establishment unless all of the following conditions are met:
  - a. The Petitioner must provide to the Town Clerk a copy of the State Tourist Rooming House license for the Subject Property, prior to the Town's license being effective; and evidence of each renewal of such State permit shall be filed by the Petitioner with the Town Clerk, such that evidence of a current State permit is always on file for the duration of the Town's vacation rental establishment license.
  - b. Transfer of a license because of transfer or sale of property is not permissible. Should such property be sold, then the license shall become void.
  - c. All vacation rental establishments shall be subject to and comply with Wisconsin Statutes Chapter 97 including maintaining a tourist rooming house annual license as required by Wisconsin Statutes Section 97.605(1)(a), which sections are incorporated herein by reference.
  - d. All vacation rental establishments shall be subject to and comply with Wisconsin Administrative Code Section ATCP 72 which is hereby incorporated by reference.
  - e. Each vacation rental establishment shall be required to keep a register and require all guests to sign such register using their actual names and address before being assigned quarters. The register shall be available for inspection by the Waukesha County Sheriff's Department, and Town Code Enforcement Officer for a period of not less than one year.
  - f. A minimum of one off-street parking stall shall be provided for every guest bedroom with a minimum of three. All parking areas shall meet the size and location requirements of the Town Code and shall be hard-surfaced and maintained in a reasonably dustless condition.
  - g. Every vacation rental establishment shall be properly addressed with numbers on the street side of the structure, a minimum of 5" high and of contrasting color so as to be visible from the street.
  - h. The Town Board shall consider the potential impact to the surrounding neighborhood and proximity to any existing bed and breakfast establishment or vacation rental establishment when reviewing a request for a vacation rental establishment license.

- i. Whenever the property changes ownership, an occupancy permit and a new license is required to ensure compliance with all State and local regulations and ordinances.
- j. Every license for a vacation rental establishment shall be placed on a February Town Board meeting agenda for consideration and possible action upon annual review, to ensure compliance with all licensing requirements. Such property may be inspected by the Waukesha County Sheriff's Department, Town Fire Department, Town Code Enforcement Officer, or other authorized personnel of the Town to investigate and determine if any violations exist.
- k. All refuse containers shall be screened from view.
- I. If the Town finds that any statement made on the license application is incorrect, at any time, the Town may immediately and summarily revoke the license.
- m. Sleeping quarters related to a vacation rental establishment use shall only be located within the principal structure on the lot. Accessory buildings cannot be used for sleeping quarters.
- n. Property that is used for a vacation rental establishment must have clearly delineated property lines, by approved fences, vegetation or other means to the satisfaction of the Town Board. Such clear delineation must be maintained for the duration of the license, to ensure that all users of the property are clearly aware of the boundaries of the property and confine their use to the applicable parcel.
- o. Unless the property is connected to a municipal sewer system, the Petitioner/Owner must provide to the Town Code Enforcement Officer, proof that is satisfactory to the Town Code Enforcement Officer that the septic system is properly sized for purposes of the proposed use. Such septic system must be properly maintained at all times for the duration of the conditional use permit.
- p. The vacation rental establishment occupancy limits shall not exceed the number of occupants allowed by Wisconsin Administrative Code Section ATCP 72.14(2)(b) per bedroom, and also shall not exceed 8 per 1,000 square feet of living area within the principal structure.
- q. The parcel cannot have more people on site than the higher of 20 people or the maximum number of people allowed under Wisconsin Administrative Code Section ATCP 72.14(2)(b).
- r. The Petitioner/Owner must provide a copy of this section and a copy of the license, to all parties using the property for vacation rental purposes, prior to commencement of each such use
- (d.) Annual Limit. If a vacation rental establishment is rented for periods of more than 6, but fewer than 30 consecutive days the vacation rental establishment shall not operate outside of the 180 consecutive day period that begins on the date of the first such rental, for a 365 day period. The owner of the vacation rental establishment shall notify the Town Clerk in writing when the first 365 day period begins, and all subsequent 365 day periods shall be measured from that date. This limitation shall be interpreted in compliance with Wisconsin Statutes Section 66.1014(2)(d) 1.
- (e.) Prohibition. Rental of a residential dwelling for 6 days or fewer is prohibited. For purposes of this subsection "rental" includes any real property that is subject to any verbal or written contract, lease, sublease, rental agreement, easement, instrument or other device (the "Agreement"), if all of the following circumstances apply: (i) the Agreement or Agreements create a right to occupy said property; (ii) such rights of occupancy have an actual duration of less than 7 days; and (iii) the Agreement requires payment or other remuneration or barter, for the benefit of the property owner.

## (6) NO UNDESIRABLE STRUCTURES.

(a) <u>Purpose</u>. The following minimum standards are created, to protect against risks of blight or adverse aesthetic impacts on abutting properties and related diminution of property values that can arise from undesirable structures as described below; to protect against adverse impacts of noise, odor, disturbance, adverse visual impacts, or other nuisances, that can be caused by such issues; and to preserve property values for the commercial benefit of the Town.

- (b) Minimum Standards. (repealed and recreated 2015-01) No building or structure shall be erected, converted, relocated, enlarged, structurally altered, occupied, or reoccupied and no lumber, materials, furniture, equipment or excess excavation shall be stacked, piled or stored in a manner which adversely affects the property values or general desirability of the neighborhood.
  - 1. The Code Enforcement Officer shall submit any such case in question respecting undesirable structures to the Architectural Control Commission for its determination.
  - 2. The Architectural Control Commission shall base its determination on the following considerations:
    - a. Design or appearance of such unorthodox or abnormal character as to be considered unsightly or offensive to the degree that would have an adverse effect on the property values or general desirability of the neighborhood; or
    - b. Identical design and appearance with adjoining buildings or structures to the degree that monotony and commonness would have an adverse effect on the property values and general desirability of the neighborhood.
  - 3. The decision of the Architectural Control Commission shall be stated in writing, including the reason for the decision.

## (7) SITE MAINTENANCE.

(a) <u>Purpose</u>. The following minimum standards are created, to protect the health, safety and welfare of the residents of the Town and to maintain the desirability, amenities and property values of the residential, commercial and industrial neighborhoods of the Town.

## (b) Minimum Standards.

- 1. General Maintenance. The exterior of every structure or accessory structure shall be maintained free of broken glass, loose shingles, excessive paint peeling, crumbling stone or brick, loose boards or other conditions reflective of deterioration or inadequate or deferred maintenance.
- 2. Litter Control. Construction sites shall be maintained in a manner so as to prevent litter from being blown off the site. Accordingly, all litter from construction activities shall be picked up at the end of each workday and placed in appropriate containers. Litter collection and storage areas shall be maintained in a clean condition to ensure that all litter on the premises is controlled and disposed of properly. Additionally, prime contractors shall also be responsible to abide by this provision.
- 3. Outside Storage. No unenclosed storage of materials, equipment or supplies including, but not necessarily limited to, unused or junked appliances, furniture, lumber, bricks and cement blocks shall be permitted where such storage is readily visible from any public place or from any surrounding private property. Dumpster and recycling areas for development occurring subsequent to this chapter shall be adequately screened from view.

## (8) PARKING OF VEHICLES.

(a) <u>Purpose</u>. The following minimum standards are created, to protect against risks of blight or adverse impacts on abutting properties and related diminution of property values that can arise from parking of vehicles as described below; and to preserve property values for the commercial benefit of the Town

## (b) Minimum Standards.

- 1. Parking of cars, vans, sport utility vehicles and light duty pick-up trucks accessory to a residential use shall be limited to those actually used by the residents or for temporary parking of guests.
- 2. No more than one commercial panel truck or pick-up truck is allowed per lot with a residential use. Such truck and any attached extraneous material shall not exceed 20 feet 6 inches in length, 8 feet in height nor 7 feet in width.

- 3. No bus, truck or other equipment shall be regularly parked on road right-of-ways.
- 4. Recreational vehicles shall be kept in a garage or shall have a planting screen, landscaped fence, or wall at least four feet in initial height along a side abutting or fronting a residential property, with the exception of boats.
- 5. Recreational equipment parked or stored shall not have fixed connections to electricity, water, gas or sanitary sewer facilities and at no time shall this equipment be used for living or housekeeping purposes.
- 6. If camping or recreational equipment is parked or stored outside of a garage, it shall be parked or stored subject to the following: There shall be a minimum setback of 50 feet when parked or stored adjacent to a public street or highway. It shall be parked or stored between the rear lot line and the principle structure, and it shall be parked or stored not closer than 10 feet from a side or rear lot line. Notwithstanding the above, camping or recreational equipment may be parked anywhere on the premises for loading or unloading purposes for a period of not more than 48 hours.
- 7. There shall be no parking or storage anywhere on property that is used for residential purposes of any equipment which is no longer capable of the use intended or requiring repair over and above ordinary maintenance. All recreational equipment shall be kept in good condition. The ground area under and immediately surrounding where such recreational equipment is stored shall be maintained free of noxious weeds, debris or overgrowth.

## (9) EXCEPTIONS OR MODIFICATIONS.

Where, in the judgment of the Town Board, it would be inappropriate to apply literally the provisions of this Section 9.14 due to exceptional circumstances, the Town Board may waive or modify any requirement to the extent deemed just and proper on a case-by-case basis. An exception or modification granted by this subsection 9.14(6) shall only affect the otherwise applicable requirements of this Section 9.14, and shall have no effect on any other provisions of this Code or other applicable laws.

No exception or modification to the provisions of this Section 9.14 shall be granted unless the Town Board finds that all the following facts and conditions exist and so indicates in the minutes of its proceedings:

- (a) Exceptional Circumstances. There are exceptional, extraordinary, or unusual circumstances or conditions where a literal enforcement of the requirements of this Section 9.14 would result in a severe burden. Such circumstances should not apply generally to other properties or be of such a recurrent nature as to suggest that Section 9.14 should be changed.
- (b) Preservation of Property Rights. That such exception or modification is necessary for the preservation and enjoyment of substantial property rights possessed by other properties in the same vicinity.
- (c) Absence of Detriment. That the exception or modification will not create substantial detriment to adjacent property, the desirable general development of the Town and its environs, and will not materially impair or be contrary to the purpose and spirit of this Section 9.14.

## 9.15 **PENALTY**.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who shall violate any provision of this chapter shall be subject to a penalty as provided in §25.04 of this General Code.
- (2) In addition to any penalty imposed for violation of this chapter, any person who shall cause physical damage to or destroy any public property shall be liable for costs of replacing or repairing such damaged or destroyed property. The parent or parents of any unemancipated minor child who damages or destroys any public property may also be held liable for the cost of replacing or repairing such damaged or destroyed property in accordance with §895.035, Wis. Stats.